TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Entity	Impaired water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations					
	Region 1: North Coast Regional Water Board							
Laguna de Santa Rosa Ammonia & Dissolved Oxygen  Effective Date: May 4, 1995  BPA: none  Resolution No.: none	City of Cotati  City of Rohnert Park  City of Sebastopol  Town of Windsor	Laguna de Santa Rosa	Purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the Waste Reduction Strategy for the Laguna de Santa Rosa which includes TMDLs for nitrogen and ammonia to address low dissolved oxygen and high ammonia impairments.  Requirements for Implementing the Waste Reduction Strategy for the Laguna de Santa Rosa Implement a storm water runoff program that is aimed at nutrient load reduction and pollution control through the execution of the provisions of this Phase II Small MS4 General Permit.					
Shasta River Temperature & Dissolved Oxygen  Effective Date: January 26, 2007  BPA: Action Plan for the Shasta River Watershed Temperature and Dissolved Oxygen Total Maximum Daily Loads  Resolution No.: R1-2006-0052	City of Yreka	Shasta River	Purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the Action Plan for the Shasta River Watershed Temperature and Dissolved Oxygen TMDLs.  Requirements for Implementing the Action Plan for the Shasta River Watershed Temperature and Dissolved Oxygen TMDLs  Within one year of approval of the Phase II Small MS4 General Permit, the City of Yreka shall develop a plan to minimize, control, and preferably prevent discharges of fine sediment, nutrients and other oxygen-consuming materials, and elevated water temperature waste discharge from affecting waters of the Shasta River and its tributaries. The plan shall be submitted to the Regional Water Board's Executive Officer for review, comment, and approval. Within four years of approval of the Phase II Small MS4 General Permit, the City of Yreka shall begin implementing the plan.					

Regional Water Board Approved TMDLs

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impare ( Water body	rban runoff is listed as a source Deliverables/Actions Required					
Region 2: San Francisco Regional Water Board								
	Napa County		Purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the Napa River sediment TMDL.  TMDL Wasteload and Load Allocations The Napa River sediment TMDL assigns to municipal storm water a wasteload allocation and load allocation for the roads source category.					
	City of Napa		The sediment wasteload allocation is 600 tons/year and applies to storm water runoff discharges from municipalities' facilities associated with construction and/or maintenance activities.					
<b>Napa River</b> Sediment	Town of Yountville	Napa River	The load allocation 27,000 metric tons/year of sediment is for the road and stream crossings category and applies to stream crossings and storm water runoff discharges associated with operation of public and private roads, paved and upaved, within the watershed not otherwise covered by NPDES permits. Municipalities share this allocation with another entity (i.e., Caltrans).  Requirements for Implementing the Napa River Sediment TMDL Wasteload and Load Allocations					
Effective Date: January 20, 2011  BPA: Chapter 7, Water Quality Attainment Strategies including TMDLs	City of St. Helena		A. Implementation of Sediment Wasteload Allocations     i. To attain the wasteload allocation, municipalities shall comply with the construction and maintenance requirements of this Order.      B. Implementation of Sediment Load Allocations					
Resolution No. R2-2009-0064	City of Calistoga		<ul> <li>i. To attain the shared load allocation of 27,000 metric tons/year, municipalities shall determine opportunities to retrofit and/or reconstruction of road crossings to minimize road-related sediment delivery (≤500 cubic yards/mile per 20-year period) to stream channels. Specifically, to reduce road-related erosion and protect stream-riparian habitat conditions, municipalities shall by October 31, 2014:</li> <li>Adopt and implement best management practices for maintenance of unimproved</li> </ul>					
	City of American Canyon		(dirt/gravel) roads					

TMDL	Municipality	Impaired	Deliverables/Actions Required						
Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Mariicipanty	Water body	Deliverables/Autoris riequired						
	Region 2: San Francisco Regional Water Board								
			Purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the Sonoma Creek sediment TMDL.						
			TMDL Wasteload and Load Allocations The Sonoma Creek sediment TMDL assigns to municipal storm water a wasteload allocation and load allocation for the roads source category.						
	County of Sonoma		The sediment wasteload allocation is 600 tons/year and applies to storm water runoff discharges from municipalities' facilities associated with construction and/or maintenance activities.						
Sonoma Creek Sediment			The load allocation 2,100 tons/year of sediment is for the road and stream crossings category and applies to stream crossings and storm water runoff discharges associated with operation of public and private roads, paved and upaved, within the watershed not otherwise covered by NPDES permits. Municipalities share this allocation with another entity (i.e., Caltrans).						
Effective Date: September 8, 2010			Requirements for Implementing the Sonoma Creek Sediment TMDL Wasteload and Load Allocations						
BPA: Chapter 7, Water Quality Attainment Strategies including TMDLs		Sonoma Creek	A. Implementation of Sediment Wasteload Allocations     i. To attain the wasteload allocation, municipalities shall comply with the construction and maintenance requirements of this Order.						
Resolution No. R2-2008-0103	City of Sonoma		<ul> <li>i. Implementation of Sediment Load Allocations</li> <li>i. To attain the shared load allocation of 2,100 tons/year, municipalities shall determine opportunities to retrofit and/or reconstruction of road crossings to minimize road-related sediment delivery to stream channels. Specifically, to reduce road-related erosion and protect stream-riparian habitat conditions, municipalities shall by October 31, 2014:</li> </ul>						
			<ul> <li>Adopt and implement best management practices for maintenance of unimproved (dirt/gravel) roads</li> </ul>						
			<ul> <li>Conduct a survey of stream-crossings associated with paved public roadways</li> <li>Develop a prioritized implementation plan for repair and/or replacement of high priority crossings/culverts.</li> </ul>						
			For paved roads, erosion and sediment control actions shall primarily focus on road crossings to meet the sediment load allocation.						

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body			D	eliverables	/Action	s Requir	ed
Region 2: San Francisco Regional Water Board									
	Napa County		TMDL Waste	of these provi	ons		·		Napa River pathogens TMDL.
	0:: (1)		E.coli (CFU/100 r Geometric Mean	mL) 90 <sup>th</sup> percentile	Fecal colifor (CFU/100 m Geometric Mean		Total co (CFU/1 Geom etric		
	City of Napa		<113	<368	<180	<360	Mean <216	ntile	-
Napa River Pathogens  Effective Date: February 29, 2008	Town of Yountville	Napa River	NPDES perm	nit.	enting the N	apa River Pa	ithogens	TMDL W	xisting or future) subject to regulation by asteload Allocations
BPA: Chapter 7, Water Quality Attainment Strategies including TMDLs  Resolution No. R2-2006-0079	Vater Quality ies including s City of St. Helena		i. ii.	Public Particip associated her individuals car Pet Waste Ma coliform loadin	ation and Out alth risks of fe take to reduce nagement. D g from pet wa	reach. Educa cal coliform in ce pathogen I evelop and in aste.	ate the pu n surface loading. nplement	blic regard waters. E enforceal	ding sources of fecal coliform and ducate the public regarding actions that ble means of reducing/eliminating fecal
	City of Calistoga		iv.	illicit discharge Pollution Preve	es (whether m ention and Go oading from s	istaken or de ood Housekee streets, parkin	liberate) of eping. De ng lots, sid	of sewage evelop and dewalks, a	olement strategies to detect and eliminate to the Napa River.  d implement strategies to reduce/eliminate and other urban areas that potentially
	City of American Canyon		its fre vi. Re	s tributaries. Ta equency for the	able 7-g in Ch e required bas on water qua	apter 7, Wate seline water o lity monitoring	er Quality Juality mo	Attainmernitoring.	oncentration trends in the Napa River and nt Strategies, presents locations and ess made on implementation of human

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body			D	eliverables	/Actions	s Requir	red
Region 2: San Francisco Regional Water Board									
Sonoma Creek Pathogens  Effective Date: February 29, 2008  BPA: Chapter 7, Water Quality Attainment Strategies including TMDLs  Resolution No. R2-2006-0042	County of Sonoma City of Sonoma	Sonoma Creek	TMDL Waste The Sonoma    E.G. (CFU/1)   Geometric Mean   <113     These allocat NPDES perm   Requirement   Municip   i.   F.   ii.   ii.	of these provided these provided allocatic Creek pathogon (Colimon 1900) and (Colimon 1900) and (Colimon 1900) are applicated and its tributar and frequency deport annual (Colimon 1900) are and its tributar and frequency deport annual (Colimon 1900) are and its tributar and frequency deport annual (Colimon 1900) are and its tributar and frequency deport annual (Colimon 1900) are and its tributar and frequency deport annual (Colimon 1900) are and (Colimon 1900) are an are applicated and (Colimon 1900) are an are applicated and (Colimon 1900) are an are applicated and (Colimon 1900) are are are applicated and (Colimon 1900) are	Fecal of (CFU/1) Geometric Mean  <180  cable year-round risks of fear take to reduce the reduce the reduce the reduce the reduced by the redu	coliform 00 mL)  90 <sup>th</sup> percentile  <360  und and apply  onoma Creet ths of permit a treach. Educated coliform in ce pathogen levelop and in aste. and Elimination istaken or de bod Housekee streets, parkir coliform to So ality monitorin in Chapter 7 red baseline v ality monitorin vality monitorin	Total of (CFU/- Geometric Mean <216  / to any s  / to any s	cation to a coliform 100 mL)  90 <sup>th</sup> perce ntile  <9,00 0 ources (e  ens TMD  blic regard waters. E  enforceal op and impof sewage evelop and dewalks, a ceek. uate E.col Quality Att. lity monitores	Sonoma Creek pathogens TMDL.  municipal storm water as follows:    Limit

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body		D	eliverables/Actions Required	
		Region	2: San Franc	cisco Regional Water Bo	oard	
Tomales Bay Pathogens  Effective Date: February 8, 2007  BPA: Chapter 4, Surface Water Protection and Management, Nonpoint Source Control  Resolution No. R2-2005-0046	Marin County	Tomales Bay, Lagunitas Creek, Walker Creek, and Olema Creek	TMDL Wast The Tomales  For Direct  Median <sup>b</sup> <14  These alloc NPDES perr  Based on a No more th Requiremer  Municipalitie i.  ii.  ii.  v.	eload Allocations s Bay pathogens TMDL assist Discharges to Tomales Bay  90th percentilec <43  cations are applicable year-rount. In minimum of five consecutive an 10% of total samples during the Total samples during the Total samples and the second total samples during the Total samples during	For Discharges to Major Tomales Bay Tributaries  Log Mean <sup>D</sup> <200  ound and apply to any sources (existing re samples equally spaced over a 30-daing any 30-day period may exceed this omales Bay Pathogens TMDL Wastel of permit adoption,:  treach. Educate the public regarding so recal coliform in surface waters. Educate ce pathogen loading.  Develop and implement enforceable meanate.  Ind Elimination. Develop and implement instaken or deliberate) of sewage to Tomales develop and implement enforces, parking lots, sidewalks, and other coliform to Tomales Bay.  Juality monitoring results and progress means and progres	storm water as follows:  g or future) subject to regulation by any period. number  coad Allocations  urces of fecal coliform and the public regarding actions that  ans of reducing/eliminating fecal  at strategies to detect and eliminate that the strategies to reduce/eliminate that strategies that strategies to reduce/eliminate that strategies to reduce/eliminate that strategies that stra

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required
		Region	2: San Francisco Regional Water Board
	Marin County		Purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the Richardson Bay pathogens TMDL.  TMDL Wasteload Allocations The Richardson Bay pathogens TMDL assigns a wasteload allocation to municipal storm water as follows:  Fecal Coliform <sup>a</sup> (MPN/100 mL)
Richardson Bay Pathogens	City of Mill Valley	Richardson Bay	Median <sup>b</sup> 90 <sup>th</sup> Percentile <sup>c</sup> <14  **These allocations are applicable year-round.  **based on a minimum of five consecutive samples equally spaced over a 30-day period  C No more than 10% of total samples during any 30-day period may exceed this number  **Requirements for Implementing the Richardson Bay Pathogens TMDL Wasteload Allocations**
Effective Date: December 18, 2009  BPA: Chapter 7, Water Quality Attainment Strategies including TMDLs	City of Tiburon		Municipalities shall, by within 18 months of permit adoption:
Resolution No. R2-2008-0061	City of Belvedere		<ul> <li>iii. Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination. Develop and implement strategies to detect and eliminate illicit discharges (whether mistaken or deliberate) of sewage to Richardson Bay.</li> <li>iv. Pollution Prevention and Good Housekeeping. Develop and implement strategies to reduce/eliminate fecal coliform loading from streets, parking lots, sidewalks, and other urban areas that potentially collect and discharge fecal coliform to Richardson Bay.</li> </ul>
	City of Sausalito		v. Report annually on progress made on implementation of pathogen reduction measures.

TMDL	Municipality	Impaired	Deliverables/Actions Required							
Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Wullicipality	Water body	Deliverables/Actions nequired							
	Region 2: San Francisco Regional Water Board									
			Purpose of Provision							
	Marin County		The purpose of the following provisions is to prevent the impairment of urban streams by pesticide-related toxicity. This provision implements requirements of the TMDL for Diazinon and Pesticide Related Toxicity for Urban							
	City of Mill Valley		Creeks in the San Francisco Bay Region. Pesticides of concern include: organophosphorous pesticides (chlorpyrifos, diazinon, and malathion); pyrethroids (bifenthrin, cyfluthrin, beta-cyfluthrin, cypermethrin, deltamethrin, esfenvalerate, lambda-cyhalothrin, permethrin, and tralomethrin); carbamates (e.g., carbaryl); and							
	City of Belvedere		fipronil.  Wasteload Allocations							
	Town of Corte	Arroyo Corte	Diazinon: 100 ng/l Toxicity: 1.0 TUa (acute toxicity units) and 1.0 TUc (chronic toxicity units)							
	Madera	Madera del	Requirements for Implementing the Wasteload Allocations							
	Town of Fairfax	Presidio, Corte Madera	Urban runoff management agencies' responsibilities for addressing the allocations set above will be satisfied by complying with the requirements set forth below. Permittees may coordinate with the Bay Area Storm water							
Urban Creek Diazinon & Pesticide Toxicity	City of Larkspur	Creek,	Management Agencies Association, the Urban Pesticide Pollution Prevention Project, the Urban Pesticide Committee, and other agencies and organizations in carrying out these activities.							
Effective Date: May 16, 2007	City of Mill Valley	Coyote Creek (Marin Co.),	A. Adopt a Pesticide-Related Toxicity Control Program  To prevent the impairment of urban streams by pesticide-related toxicity, adopt an Integrated Pest Management							
BPA: BPA – Chapter 3, Toxicity	City of Novato	Gallinas Creek,	Policy (IPM) or Ordinance, applicable to all the permittees' operations and property, as described in the Basin Plan amendment (Implementation Section) for this TMDL.							
Resolution No. R2-2005-0063	Town of	Miller Creek,	The IPM Policy or Ordinance shall be adopted by the permittee's governing body within 18 months of permit							
	Ross	Novato Creek,	adoption.							
	Town of San Anselmo	San Antonio Creek, and	B. Implement the Pesticide-Related Toxicity Control Program     Implementation actions shall include:							
	City of San		IPM practices and policy/ordinance.  Require all contractors to implement the IPM policy/ordinance.							
	Rafael	Creek	San Rafael Creek	Keep the County Agricultural Commissioners informed of water quality issues related to pesticides and of violations of pesticides regulations (e.g., illegal handling) associated with storm water management.						
	City of Sausalito		<ul> <li>Conduct outreach to residents and pest control applicators on less toxic methods of pest control.</li> <li>Keep records of the permittees' own use of pesticides of concern and the pesticide use by the permittees' hired contractors. Report on pesticide use when requested by the Regional Water Board.</li> </ul>							
	Town of		<ul> <li>Monitor water and sediment for pesticides and associated toxicity in urban creeks via an individual or regional program designed to answer the following questions:</li> </ul>							
	Tiburon		<ul> <li>Are the TMDL toxicity targets being met?</li> </ul>							

County of Sonoma  City of Petaluma Calabazas Creek  City of Sonoma	<ul> <li>Is toxicity observed in urban creeks caused by a pesticide?</li> <li>Is urban runoff the source of any observed toxicity in urban creeks?</li> <li>How does observed pesticide-related toxicity in urban creeks (or pesticide concentrations contributing to such toxicity) vary in time and magnitude across urban creek watersheds, and what types of pest control practices contribute to such toxicity?</li> <li>Are actions already being taken to reduce pesticide discharges sufficient to meet the targets, and if not, what should be done differently?</li> </ul>
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Regional Water Board Approved TMDLs where urban runoff is listed as a source

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations		
		Region	3: Central Coast Regional Water Board		
TMDL and Implementation Plan for Pathogens for Morro Bay and Chorro and Los Osos	City of Morro Bay	Morro Bay Chorro Creek Los Osos Creek Pennington	Purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the Morro Bay (Chorro and Los Osos Creeks) Pathogen TMDL.  TMDL Wasteload Allocations The City of Morro Bay and County of San Luis Obispo are assigned the following wasteload allocations: 1) for discharges to Los Osos Creek, Chorro Creek, and their tributaries, the fecal coliform geometric mean concentration shall not exceed 200 MPN/100 mL over a 30-day period nor shall 10% of the samples exceed 400 MPN/100 mL over any 30-day period. 2) For discharges to Morro Bay, the fecal coliform geometric mean concentration of 14 MPN/100 mL must be achieved and no more than 10% of the samples may be over 43 MPN/100 mL.  Provisions for Implementing TMDL  Within one year of adoption of this Order, the City of Morro Bay and County of San Luis Obispo shall each develop, submit, and begin implementation of a Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program that identifies the actions they will take to attain their wasteload allocations. The Wasteload Allocation Attainment Programs shall include:  1. A detailed description of the strategy the MS4 will use to guide BMP selection, assessment, and implementation, to ensure that BMPs implemented will be effective at abating pollutant sources, reducing pollutant discharges, and achieving wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule		
Creeks  Effective Date: 11/19/2003  BPA: Chapter 4  Resolution No. R3-2003-0060	County of San Luis Obispo	Creek  San Bernardo Creek  San Luisito Creek  Walters Creek  Warden Creek	<ol> <li>Identification of sources of the impairment within the MS4's jurisdiction, including specific information on various source locations and their magnitude within the jurisdiction.</li> <li>Prioritization of sources within the MS4's jurisdiction, based on suspected contribution to the impairment, ability to control the source, and other pertinent factors.</li> <li>Identification of BMPs that will address the sources of impairing pollutants and reduce the discharge of impairing pollutants.</li> <li>Prioritization of BMPs, based on suspected effectiveness at abating sources and reducing impairing pollutant discharges, as well as other pertinent factors.</li> <li>Identification of BMPs the MS4 will implement, including a detailed implementation schedule. For each BMP, identify milestones the MS4 will use for tracking implementation, measurable goals the MS4 will use to assess implementation efforts, and measures and targets the MS4 will use to assess effectiveness. MS4s shall include expected BMP implementation for future implementation years, with the understanding that future BMP implementation plans may change as new information is obtained.</li> <li>A quantifiable numeric analysis demonstrating the BMPs selected for implementation will likely achieve, based on modeling, published BMP pollutant removal performance estimates, best professional judgment, and/or other available tools, the MS4's wasteload allocation according to the schedule identified in the TMDL. This analysis will most likely incorporate modeling efforts. The MS4 shall conduct repeat numeric analyses as the BMP implementation plans evolve and information on BMP effectiveness is generated. Once the MS4 has water quality data from its monitoring program, the MS4 shall incorporate water quality data into the numeric analyses to validate BMP implementation plans.</li> <li>A detailed description, including a schedule, of a monitoring program the MS4 will implement to assess discharge and receiving water quality, BMP</li></ol>		

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TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations					
	Region 3: Central Coast Regional Water Board							
			BMP implementation efforts and quantitatively demonstrate attainment interim targets and wasteload allocations. If the approved TMDL does not explicitly include interim targets, the MS4 shall establish interim targets (and dates when stormwater discharge conditions will be evaluated) that are equally spaced in time over the TMDL compliance schedule and represent measurable, continually decreasing MS4 discharge concentrations or other appropriate interim measures of pollution reduction and progress towards the wasteload allocation. At least one interim target and date must occur during the five-year term of this Order. The MS4 shall achieve its interim target by the date it specifies in the Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program. If the MS4 does not achieve its interim target by the date specified, the MS4 shall develop and implement more effective BMPs that it can quantitatively demonstrate will achieve the next interim target.  9. A detailed description of how the MS4 will assess BMP and program effectiveness. The description shall incorporate the assessment methods described in the CASQA Municipal Storm water Program Effectiveness Assessment Guide.  10. A detailed description of how the MS4 will modify the program to improve upon BMPs determined to be ineffective during the effectiveness assessment.  11. A detailed description of information the MS4 will include in annual reports to demonstrate adequate progress towards attainment of wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule.  12. A detailed description of how the MS4 will collaborate with other agencies, stakeholders, and the public to develop and implement the Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program.  13. Any other items identified by Integrated Report fact sheets, TMDL Project Reports, TMDL Resolutions, or that are currently being implemented by the MS4 to control its contribution to the impairment.					

TMDL Effective	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations
Date/BPA/Res. No.		water body	
		Region	3: Central Coast Regional Water Board
Watsonville Slough Total Maximum Daily Load and Implementation Plan for Pathogens  Effective Date: 11/20/2006  BPA: Chapter 4  Resolution No. R3-2006-0025	City of Watsonville	Watsonville Slough Struve Slough Harkins Slough Gallighan Slough Hanson Slough	Purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the Watsonville Slough Pathogen TMDL.  TMDL Wasteload Allocations The City of Watsonville and the County of Santa Cruz are assigned the following concentration based wasteload allocation: Fecal coliform concentration, based on a minimum of five samples for any 30-day period, shall not exceed a log mean of 200 MPN per 100mL, nor shall more than ten percent of total samples collected during any 30-day period exceed 400 MPN per 100mL.  These wasteload allocations are receiving water allocations; storm water discharge cannot cause or contribute to exceedance of the allocations as measured in receiving water.  The City of Watsonville is assigned allocations in the following water bodies: Watsonville, Struve, Harkins, Gallighan and Hanson Sloughs.  The County of Santa Cruz is assigned allocation in the following water bodies: Watsonville, Struve and Harkins Sloughs.  Provisions for Implementing the TMDL  The City and County public participation and outreach efforts must include the following tasks: a) Educating the public about sources of fecal coliform and its associated health risks in surface waters; and b) Identifying and promoting specific actions that responsible parties can implement to reduce pathogen loading from sources such as homeless encampments, agricultural field workers, and homeowners who contribute waste from domestic pets.  The County of Santa Cruz and City of Watsonville shall implement practices that will assure their allocation is achieved. By June 30, 2013, the County of Santa Cruz and City of Watsonville shall each develop, submit, and begin implementation of a Wasteload Allocation Altainment Program that identifies the actions they will take to attain their wasteload allocations. The Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program shall include:  1. A detailed description of the strategy the MS4 will use to guide BMP selection, assessment, and implementation, to ensure that BMPs implemented will be effective at

Regional Water Board Approved TMDLs where urban runoff is listed as a source

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations				
	Region 3: Central Coast Regional Water Board						
	County of Santa Cruz		impairing pollutants.  5. Prioritization of BMPs, based on suspected effectiveness at abating sources and reducing impairing pollutant discharges, as well as other pertinent factors.  6. Identification of BMPs the MS4 will implement, including a detailed implementation schedule. For each BMP, identify milestones the MS4 will use for tracking implementation, measurable goals the MS4 will use to assess implementation efforts, and measures and targets the MS4 will use to assess effectiveness. MS4s shall include expected BMP implementation for future implementation years, with the understanding that future BMP implementation plans may change as new information is obtained.  7. A quantifiable numeric analysis demonstrating the BMPs selected for implementation will likely achieve, based on modeling, published BMP pollutant removal performance estimates, best professional judgment, and/or other available tools, the MS4's wasteload allocation according to the schedule identified in the TMDL. This analysis will most likely incorporate modeling efforts. The MS4 shall conduct repeat numeric analyses as the BMP implementation plans evolve and information on BMP effectiveness is generated. Once the MS4 has water quality data from its monitoring program, the MS4 shall incorporate water quality data into the numeric analyses to validate BMP implementation plans.  8. A detailed description, including a schedule, of a monitoring program the MS4 will implement to assess discharge and receiving water quality, BMP effectiveness, and progress towards any interim targets and ultimate attainment of the MS4's wasteload allocation. The monitoring programs and be designed to validate BMP implementation efforts and quantitatively demonstrate attainment of interim targets and wasteload allocations. If the approved TMDL does not explicitly include interim targets, the MS4 shall establish interim targets (and dates when stormwater discharge conditions will be evaluated) that are equally spaced in time over the TMDL compliance schedule and r				
			All dilocations shall be achieved by November 20, 2016.				

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Regional Water Board Approved TMDLs where urban runoff is listed as a source

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations
		Region	3: Central Coast Regional Water Board
	County of Santa Cruz	Pajaro River San Benito River Llagas Creek Tequesquita	Purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the Pajaro River, San Benito River, Llagas Creek, Tequesquita Slough, San Juan Creek, Carnadero/Uvas Creek, Bird Creek, Pescadero Creek, Tres Pinos Creek, Furlong (Jones) Creek, Santa Ana Creek, and Pachecho Creek Fecal Coliform TMDL.  TMDL Wasteload Allocations The Cities of Hollister, Morgan Hill, Gilroy and Watsonville and the Counties of Monterey, Santa Clara and Santa Cruz are assigned the following concentration based wasteload allocation: Fecal coliform concentration, based on a minimum of five samples for any 30-day period, shall not exceed a log mean of 200 MPN per 100mL, nor shall more than ten percent of total samples collected during any 30-day period exceed 400 MPN per 100mL.
TMDL for Fecal Coliform in Pajaro River, San Benito River, Llagas Creek, Tequesquita Slough, San Juan Creek, Carnadero/Uvas Creek, Bird Creek, Pescadero Creek, Tres Pinos Creek, Furlong (Jones) Creek, Santa Ana Creek, Pachecho Creek	City of Hollister	Slough San Juan Creek Carnadero/Uv as Creek Bird Creek	These wasteload allocations are receiving water allocations; storm water discharge cannot cause or contribute to exceedance of the allocations as measured in receiving water.  The Counties of Santa Cruz, Santa Clara and Monterey and the Cities of Hollister, Morgan Hill, Gilroy and Watsonville are assigned allocations in the following water bodies: Pajaro River, San Benito River, Llagas Creek and Tequisquita Slough.  Provisions for Implementing the TMDL  Within one year of adoption of this Order, the Cities of Hollister, Morgan Hill, Gilroy and Watsonville and the Counties of Monterey, Santa Clara and Santa Cruz shall each develop, submit, and begin implementation of a
Effective Date: 07/12/2010  BPA: Chapter 4  Resolution No. RB3-2009-0008	City of Morgan Hill	Pescadero Creek Tres Pinos Creek Furlong	<ol> <li>Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program that identifies the actions they will take to attain their wasteload allocations. The Wasteload Allocation Attainment Programs shall include:</li> <li>A detailed description of the strategy the MS4 will use to guide BMP selection, assessment, and implementation, to ensure that BMPs implemented will be effective at abating pollutant sources, reducing pollutant discharges, and achieving wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule.</li> <li>Identification of sources of the impairment within the MS4's jurisdiction, including specific information on various source locations and their magnitude within the jurisdiction.</li> <li>Prioritization of sources within the MS4's jurisdiction, based on suspected contribution to the impairment, ability to control the source, and other pertinent factors.</li> </ol>
	City of Gilroy	(Jones) Creek Santa Ana Creek Pachecho Creek	<ol> <li>Identification of BMPs that will address the sources of impairing pollutants and reduce the discharge of impairing pollutants.</li> <li>Prioritization of BMPs, based on suspected effectiveness at abating sources and reducing impairing pollutant discharges, as well as other pertinent factors.</li> <li>Identification of BMPs the MS4 will implement, including a detailed implementation schedule. For each BMP, identify milestones the MS4 will use for tracking implementation, measurable goals the MS4 will use to assess implementation efforts, anderic analysis demonstrating the BMPs selected for implementation will likely achieve, based on modeling, published BMP pollutant removal performance estimates, best professional judgment, and/or other available tools, the MS4's wasteload allocation according to the schedule</li> </ol>

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Regional Water Board Approved TMDLs where urban runoff is listed as a source

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations
		Region	3: Central Coast Regional Water Board
	City of Watsonville		identified in the TMDL. This analysis will most likely incorporate modeling efforts. The MS4 shall conduct repeat numeric analyses as the BMP implementation plans evolve and information on BMP effectiveness is generated. Once the MS4 has water quality data from its monitoring program, the MS4 shall incorporate water quality data into the numeric analyses to validate BMP implementation plans.  7. A detailed description, including a schedule, of a monitoring program the MS4 will implement to assess discharge and receiving water quality, BMP effectiveness, and progress towards any interim targets and ultimate attainment of the MS4s' wasteload allocation. The monitoring program shall be designed to validate BMP implementation efforts and quantitatively demonstrate attainment of interim targets and wasteload allocations. If the approved TMDL does not explicitly include interim targets, the MS4 shall establish interim
	County of Monterey		targets (and dates when stormwater discharge conditions will be evaluated) that are equally spaced in time over the TMDL compliance schedule and represent measurable, continually decreasing MS4 discharge concentrations or other appropriate interim measures of pollution reduction and progress towards the wasteload allocation. At least one interim target and date must occur during the five-year term of this Order. The MS4 shall achieve its interim targets by the date it specifies in the Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program. If the MS4 does not achieve its interim target by the date specified, the MS4 shall develop and implement more effective BMPs that it can quantitatively demonstrate will achieve the next interim target.  8. A detailed description of how the MS4 will assess BMP and program effectiveness. The description shall incorporate the assessment methods described in the CASQA Municipal Storm water Program Effectiveness Assessment Guide.  9. A detailed description of how the MS4 will modify the program to improve upon BMPs determined to be ineffective during the effectiveness assessment.  10. A detailed description of information the MS4 will include in annual reports to demonstrate adequate progress towards attainment of wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule.  11. A detailed description of how the MS4 will collaborate with other agencies, stakeholders, and the public to
	County of Santa Clara		develop and implement the Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program.  12. Any other items identified by Integrated Report fact sheets, TMDL Project Reports, TMDL Resolutions, or that are currently being implemented by the MS4 to control its contribution to the impairment.  All allocations shall be achieved by July 12, 2023.

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TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations
		Region	3: Central Coast Regional Water Board
Morro Bay TMDL for Sediment (including Chorro Creek, Los Osos Creek, and the Morro Bay Estuary) Effective Date: 12/3/2003 BPA: Chapter 4 Resolution No. R3-2002-0051	County of San Luis Obispo	Morro Bay Los Osos Creek Chorro Creek Dairy Creek Pennington Creek San Luisito Creek San Bernardo Creek Warden Creek	Purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the Morro Bay TMDL for sediment.  TMDL Wasteload and Load Allocations The County of San Luis Obispo is assigned a wasteload allocation of 5,137 tones/year of sediment. This allocation represents a 50% reduction in sediment loading relative to 2003 levels. The aggregated sediment discharge from all storm water outfalls into Morro Bay, or any tributary that has the potential to discharge sediment to Morro Bay, shall not exceed the allocation.  Provisions for Implementing the TMDL The County of San Luis Obispo shall implement practices that will assure their allocation is achieved, including identifying and implementing specific road sediment control measures. Within one year of adoption of this Order, the County of San Luis Obispo shall develop, submit, and begin implementation of a Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program that identifies the actions it will take to attain its wasteload allocation. The Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program shall include:  1. A detailed description of the strategy the MS4 will use to guide BMP selection, assessment, and implementation, to ensure that BMPs implemented will be effective at abating pollutant sources, reducing pollutant discharges, and achieving wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule.  2. Identification of sources of the impairment within the MS4's jurisdiction, including specific information on various source locations and their magnitude within the jurisdiction.  3. Prioritization of sources within the MS4's jurisdiction, based on suspected contribution to the impairment, ability to control the source, and other pertinent factors.  4. Identification of BMPs that will address the sources of impairing pollutants and reduce the discharge of impairing pollutants.  5. Prioritization of BMPs, based on suspected effectiveness at abating sources and reducing impairing pollutant discharges, as well as other pertinent factors.  6. Identification of BMPs the MS4 will use fo

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TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations				
	Region 3: Central Coast Regional Water Board						
			BMP implementation efforts and quantitatively demonstrate attainment of interim targets and wasteload allocations. If the approved TMDL does not explicitly include interim targets, the MS4 shall establish interim targets (and dates when stormwater discharge conditions will be evaluated) that are equally spaced in time over the TMDL compliance schedule and represent measurable, continually decreasing MS4 discharge concentrations or other appropriate interim measures of pollution reduction and progress towards the wasteload allocation. At least one interim target and date must occur during the five-year term of this Order. The MS4 shall achieve its interim targets by the date it specifies in the Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program. If the MS4 does not achieve its interim target by the date specified, the MS4 shall develop and implement more effective BMPs that it can quantitatively demonstrate will achieve the next interim target.  9. A detailed description of how the MS4 will assess BMP and program effectiveness. The description shall incorporate the assessment methods described in the CASQA Municipal Storm water Program Effectiveness Assessment Guide.  10. A detailed description of how the MS4 will modify the program to improve upon BMPs determined to be ineffective during the effectiveness assessment.  11. A detailed description of information the MS4 will include in annual reports to demonstrate adequate progress towards attainment of wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule.  12. A detailed description of how the MS4 will collaborate with other agencies, stakeholders, and the public to develop and implement the Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program.  13. Any other items identified by Integrated Report fact sheets, TMDL Project Reports, TMDL Resolutions, or that are currently being implemented by the MS4 to control its contribution to the impairment.				
			The allocations shall be achieved by December 3, 2053.				

<b>TMDL</b> Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations		
		Region	3: Central Coast Regional Water Board		
San Lorenzo River TMDL for Sediment (Including Carbonera Creek, Lompico Creek, and Shingle Mill Creek)  Effective Date: 12/18/2003  BPA: Chapter 4  Resolution No. R3-2002-0063	County of Santa Cruz City of Santa Cruz	San Lorenzo River and Carbonera, Lompico, and Shingle Mill Creeks	The purpose of throwisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the San Lorenzo River TMDL for sediment.  TMDL Wasteload and Load Allocations The County of Santa Cruz, City of Santa Cruz, and City of Scotts Valley are assigned the following wasteload allocations: sediment discharges from public roads to the San Lorenzo River shall be reduced by 27%, sediment discharges from public roads to Lompico Creek shall be reduced by 24%, sediment discharges from public roads to Carbonera Creek shall be reduced by 27%, sediment discharges from public roads to Shingle Mill Creek shall be reduced by 27%.  Provisions for Implementing the TMDL The County of Santa Cruz, City of Santa Cruz, and City of Scotts Valley shall implement practices that will assure their allocation is achieved, including identifying and implementing specific road sediment control measures. By June 30, 2013, the County of Santa Cruz, City of Santa Cruz, and City of Scotts Valley shall each develop, submit, and begin implementation of a Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program that identifies he actions they will take to attain their wasteload allocations. The Wasteload Allocation Attainment Programs shall include:  1. A detailed description of the strategy the MS4 will use to guide BMP selection, assessment, and implementation, to ensure that BMPs implemented will be effective at abating pollutant sources, reducing pollutant discharges, and achieving wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule.  2. Identification of SMPs that will address the sources of impairing pollutant sources, reducing and their magnitude within the MS4's jurisdiction, based on suspected contribution to the impairment, ability to control the source, and other pertinent factors.  4. Identification of BMPs that will address the sources of impairing pollutants and reduce the discharge of impairing pollutant discharges, as well as other pertinent factors.  5. Prioritization of BMPs that will indement, including a detailed implementation schedule.		

Region 3: Central Coast Regional Water Board  8. A detailed description, including a schedule, of a monitoring program the MS4 will implement	
8. A datailed description, including a schedule, of a manifering program the MS4 will implement	
discharge and receiving water quality, BMP effectiveness, and progress towards any interim ultimate attainment of the MS4s' wasteload allocation. The monitoring program shall be desig BMP implementation efforts and quantitatively demonstrate attainment of interim targets and allocations. If the approved TMDL does not explicitly include interim targets, the MS4 shall e targets (and dates when stormwater discharge conditions will be evaluated) that are equally over the TMDL compliance schedule and represent measurable, continually decreasing MS4 concentrations or other appropriate interim measures of pollution reduction and progress tow wasteload allocation. At least one interim target and date must occur during the five-year terr The MS4 shall achieve its interim targets by the date it specifies in the Wasteload Allocation. Program. If the MS4 does not achieve its interim target by the date specified, the MS4 shall of implement more effective BMPs that it can quantitatively demonstrate will achieve the next in implement more effective BMPs that it can quantitatively demonstrate will achieve the next in effective effectiveness assessment.  19. A detailed description of how the MS4 will assess BMP and program effectiveness. The desincorporate the assessment methods described in the CASQA Municipal Storm water Prograe Effectiveness Assessment methods described in the CASQA Municipal Storm water Prograe Effectiveness Assessment and the MS4 will make the program to improve upon BMPs determinent feetive during the effectiveness assessment.  11. A detailed description of information the MS4 will include in annual reports to demonstrate ac progress towards attainment of wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule.  12. A detailed description of how the MS4 will collaborate with other agencies, stakeholders, and develop and implement the Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program.  13. Any other items identified by Integrated Report fact sheets, TMDL Project Reports, TMDL Re that are currently being implemented by	argets and ned to validate wasteload stablish interim paced in time discharge ards the n of this Order. Attainment evelop and terim target. Bription shall m ined to be equate the public to
Pajaro River TMDL and Implementation Plan for City of The allocations shall be achieved by December 18, 2028.  Purpose of Provisions The purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the San Lorenzo River TMDL for	or sediment.
Sediment including Llagas Creek, Rider Creek, and San Benito River  San Benito River  San Benito River  San Benito River  TMDL Wasteload and Load Allocations The City of Morgan Hill, City of Gilroy, City of Hollister, and the City of Watsonville shall not discharged the following water bodies in excess of the values shown:	e sediment to
Effective Date: 11/27/2006  Llagas Creek Major Subwatershed Metric tons per year	
Uvas Creek Tres Pinos 1	
BPA: Chapter 4 City of Gilroy Upper Pajaro San Benito 100	
Resolution No. R3-2005-0132 River Llagas 787	

Regional Water Board Approved TMDLs where urban runoff is listed as a source

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body		Deliverables/Ac	ctions Required/Wasteload Allocations
		Region	3: Central Coast Regi	onal Water Boar	rd .
	City of Hollister	Corralitos Creek (including Rider Creek),  Mouth of Pajaro River	Uvas Upper Pajaro Corralitos (including Rider Creek) Mouth of Pajaro River	139 161 284 191	
	City of Watsonville	rajaio nivei	Provisions for Impleme	enting the TMDL gan Hill, Gilroy, Hol eved.	in sediment loading to each water body from urban roads.  lister, and Watsonville shall implement practices that will assure their liber 27, 2051.
San Luis Obispo Creek Total Maximum Daily Load and Implementation Plan for Pathogens  Effective Date: 7/25/2005  BPA: Chapter 4  Resolution No. R3-2004-0142	City of San Luis Obispo County of San Luis Obispo Cal Poly State University	San Luis Obispo Creek Stenner Creek Brizziolari Creek	Pathogens.  TMDL Wasteload Alloc The City of San Luis Obi assigned a concentratior log mean of five samples 10% of the total samples discharge cannot cause The City of San Luis Obi Stenner Creek. The County of San Luis Cal Poly State University Creek, Brizziola  Provisions for Impleme The City of San Luis Obi best management practic and implementation of: p means of addressing pet discharges.	ations spo, the County of a based wasteload a taken in a 30-day or contribute to except is assigned the Cobispo is assigned to the Cobispo is assigned	San Luis Obispo, and Cal Poly State University-San Luis Obispo, are allocation for fecal coliform equal to 200 MPN/100mL, measured as a period from impaired water body receiving waters, nor shall more than period exceed 400 MPN per 100mL in receiving waters; storm water eedance of the allocations.  The allocations in the following water bodies: San Luis Obispo Creek, these allocations in the following water bodies: San Luis Obispo Creek.  The assigned these allocations in the following water bodies: Stenner  Luis Obispo, and Cal Poly State University are required to implement leting fecal coliform loading. Required actions include development arding fecal coliform sources and associated health risk, enforceable imals that are attracted to storm water infrastructure, elimination of illicit e City of San Luis Obispo, County of San Luis Obispo, and Cal Poly

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Regional Water Board Approved TMDLs where urban runoff is listed as a source

<b>TMDL</b> Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations					
	Region 3: Central Coast Regional Water Board							
			State University shall each develop, submit, and begin implementation of a Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program that identifies the actions they will take to attain their wasteload allocations. The Wasteload Allocation Attainment Programs shall include:  1. A detailed description of the strategy the MS4 will use to guide BMP selection, assessment, and implementation, to ensure that BMPs implemented will be effective at abating pollutant sources, reducing pollutant discharges, and achieving wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule.  2. Identification of sources of the impairment within the MS4's jurisdiction, including specific information on various source locations and their magnitude within the jurisdiction.  3. Prioritization of sources within the MS4's jurisdiction, based on suspected contribution to the impairment, ability to control the source, and other pertinent factors.  4. Identification of BMPs that will address the sources of impairing pollutants and reduce the discharge of impairing pollutants.  5. Prioritization of BMPs, based on suspected effectiveness at abating sources and reducing impairing pollutant discharges, as well as other pertinent factors.  6. Identification of BMPs the MS4 will implement, including a detailed implementation schedule. For each BMP, identify milestones the MS4 will use for tracking implementation, measurable goals the MS4 will use to assess implementation efforts, and measures and targets the MS4 will use to assess effectiveness. MS4s shall include expected BMP implementation for future implementation opears, with the understanding that future BMP implementation plans may change as new information is obtained.  7. A quantifiable numeric analysis demonstrating the BMPs selected for implementation will likely achieve, based on modeling, published BMP pollutant removal performance estimates, best professional judgment, and/or other available tools, the MS4's wasteload allocation according to the schedule identified in the TMDL. This analysis will most likely					

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TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations			
		Region	3: Central Coast Regional Water Board			
			<ol> <li>A detailed description of how the MS4 will modify the program to improve upon BMPs determined to be ineffective during the effectiveness assessment.</li> <li>A detailed description of information the MS4 will include in annual reports to demonstrate adequate progress towards attainment of wasteload allocations according to the TMDL Schedule.</li> <li>A detailed description of how the MS4 will collaborate with other agencies, stakeholders, and the public to develop and implement the Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program.</li> <li>Any other items identified by Integrated Report fact sheets, TMDL Project Reports, TMDL Resolutions, or that are currently being implemented by the MS4 to control its contribution to the impairment.</li> <li>All allocations shall be achieved no later than July 25, 2015.</li> </ol>			
	City of San Luis Obispo		Purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the San Luis Obispo Creek TMDL for Nitrate.			
San Luis Obispo Creek		San Luis Obispo Creek	TMDL Wasteload Allocations  Urban storm water from the City of San Luis Obispo, County of San Luis Obispo, and Cal Poly State University shall not cause an increase in receiving water nitrate concentration greater than the increase in nitrate concentration resulting from their discharge in 2006 (when the TMDL became			
TMDL and Implementation Plan for Nitrate-Nitrogen  Effective Date: 8/04/2006	County of San Luis Obispo		San Luis	San Luis	The San Luis achi	effective). In 2006, the nitrate concentration of storm water discharge was 0.3 mg/L-N.  The City of San Luis Obispo, County of San Luis Obispo, and Cal Poly State University were achieving their allocations at the time the TMDL became effective; these municipalities shall
BPA: Chapter 4  Resolution No. R3-2005-0106			implement measures to assure continued compliance with their allocations.  Provisions for Implementing the TMDL  The City of San Luis Obispo, County of San Luis Obispo, and Cal Poly State University shall implement best management practices that specifically address the reduction or elimination of nutrient			
11000101011110. 110 2000 0100	Cal Poly State University		loading.  The City of San Luis Obispo, County of San Luis Obispo, and Cal Poly State University shall submit reports required by their storm water permits and in those reports outline best management practices implemented to assure ongoing compliance with their allocations.			

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations					
	Region 3: Central Coast Regional Water Board							
TMDL for Fecal Coliform in Corralitos and Salsipuedes Creeks  Effective Date: OAL approval anticipated early 2011  BPA: Chapter 4  Resolution No. R3-2009-0009	County of Santa Cruz	Corralitos Creek Salsipuedes Creek	Purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the TMDL for Fecal Coliform in Corralitos/Salsipuedes Creeks  TMDL Wasteload Allocations The County of Santa Cruz and the City of Watsonville are assigned the following concentration based wasteload allocation: Fecal coliform concentration, based on a minimum of not less than five samples for any 30-day period, shall not exceed a log mean of 200 MPN per 100 mL, nor shall more than 10 percent of samples collected during any 30-day period exceed 400 MPN per 100 mL.  These wasteload allocations are receiving water allocations; storm water discharge cannot cause or contribute to exceedance of the allocations as measured in receiving water.  The County of Santa Cruz and the City of Watsonville are assigned allocations in the following water bodies: Corralitos Creek and Salsipuedes Creek.  Provisions for Implementing the TMDL  Within one year of adoption of this order, the County of Santa Cruz and the City of Watsonville shall each develop, submit, and begin implementation of a Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program that identifies the actions they will take to attain their wasteload allocations. The Wasteload Allocation Attainment Programs shall include:  1. A detailed description of the strategy the MS4 will use to guide BMP selection, assessment, and implementation, to ensure that BMP's implemented will be effective at abating pollutant discharges, and achieving wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule.  2. Identification of sources of the impairment within the MS4's jurisdiction, including specific information on various source locations and their magnitude within the burisdiction.  3. Prioritization of BMPs that will address the sources of impairing pollutants and reduce the discharge of impairing pollutants.  5. Prioritization of BMPs, based on suspected effectiveness at abating sources and reducing impairing pollutant discharges, as well as other pertinent factors.					

Regional Water Board Approved TMDLs where urban runoff is listed as a source

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations
		Region	3: Central Coast Regional Water Board
	City of Watsonville		<ul> <li>6. Identification of BMPs the MS4 will use for tracking implementation, measurable goals the MS4 will use to assess implementation efforts, and measures and targets the MS4 will use to assess effectiveness. MS4s shall include expected BMP implementation for future implementation years, with the understanding that future BMP implementation plans may change as new information is obtained.</li> <li>7. A quantifiable numeric analysis demonstrating the BMPs selected for implementation will likely achieve, based on modeling, published BMP pollutant removal performance estimates, best professional judgment, and/or other available tools, the MS4's wasteload allocation according to the schedule identified in the TMDL. This analysis will most likely incorporate modeling efforts. The MS4 shall conduct repeat numeric analyses as the BMP implementation plans evolve and information on BMP effectiveness is generated. Once the MS4 has water quality data from its monitoring program, the MS4 shall incorporate water quality data into the numeric analyses to validate BMP implementation plans.</li> <li>8. A detailed description, including a schedule, of a monitoring program the MS4 will implement to assess discharge and receiving water quality, BMP effectiveness, and progress towards any interim targets and ultimate attainment of the MS4's wasteload allocation. The monitoring programs ble designed to validate BMP implementation efforts and quantitatively demonstrate attainment of interim targets and wasteload allocations. If the approved TMDL does not explicitly include interim targets, the MS4 shall establish interim targets (and dates when stormwater discharge conditions will be evaluated) that are equally spaced in time over the TMDL compliance schedule and represent measurable, continually decreasing MS4 discharge concentrations or other appropriate interim measures of pollution reduction and progress towards the wasteload allocation. At least one interim target by the date specified, the MS4 shall develop and implemen</li></ul>

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TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations
		Region	3: Central Coast Regional Water Board
TMDL for Fecal Coliform in the Lower Salinas River Watershed  Effective Date: OAL approval anticipated in 2011  BPA: Chapter 4  Resolution No. R3-2010-0017	County of Monterey	Lower Salinas River  Old Salinas River Estuary  Tembladero Slough  Salinas Reclamation Canal  Alisal Creek  Gabilan Creek  Salinas River Lagoon (North)  Santa Rita Creek  Quail Creek  Towne Creek	Purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the TMDL for fecal coliform in the Lower Salinas River Watershed.  TMDL Wasteload Allocations The County of Monterey is assigned the following concentration based wasteload allocation for fecal coliform: Fecal coliform concentration, based on a minimum of five samples for any 30-day period, shall not exceed a log mean of 200 MPN per 100mL, nor shall more than ten percent of total samples collected during any 30-day period exceed 400 MPN per 100mL.  These wasteload allocations are receiving water allocations; storm water discharge cannot cause or contribute to exceedance of the allocation as measured in receiving water.  Provisions for Implementing the TMDL Within one year of adoption of this Order, the County of Monterey shall develop, submit, and begin implementation of a Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program that identifies the actions it will take to attain its wasteload allocation. The Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program shall include:  1. A detailed description of the strategy the MS4 will use to guide BMP selection, assessment, and implementation, to ensure that BMPs implemented will be effective at abating pollutant sources, reducing pollutant discharges, and achieving wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule.  2. Identification of sources of the impairment within the MS4's jurisdiction, including specific information on various source locations and their magnitude within the jurisdiction.  3. Prioritization of BMPs, based on suspected effectiveness at abating pollutants and reduce the discharge of impairing pollutants.  5. Prioritization of BMPs, based on suspected effectiveness at abating sources and reducing impairing pollutants.  5. Prioritization of BMPs, based on suspected effectiveness at abating sources and reducing impairing pollutants.  6. Identification of BMPs, based on suspected effectiveness at abating sources and reducing impairing pollutants.  7. A quantifiable numeric analysis demo

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations
		Region	3: Central Coast Regional Water Board
			<ul> <li>8. A detailed description, including a schedule, of a monitoring program the MS4 will implement to assess discharge and receiving water quality, BMP effectivenesss, and progress towards any interin targets and ultimate attainment of the MS4s' wasteload allocation. The monitoring program shall be designed to validate BMP implementation efforts and quantitatively demonstrate attainment of interim targets and wasteload allocations. If the approved TMDL does not explicitly include interim targets, the MS4 shall establish interim targets (and dates when stormwater discharge conditions will be evaluated) that are equally spaced in time over the TMDL compliance schedule and represent measurable, continually decreasing MS4 discharge concentrations or other appropriate interim measures of pollution reduction and progress towards the wasteload allocation. At least one interim target and date must occur during the five-year term of this Order. The MS4 shall achieve its interim targets by the date it specifies in the Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program. If the MS4 does not achieve its interim target by the date specified, the MS4 shall develop and implement more effective BMPs that it can quantitatively demonstrate will achieve the next interim target.</li> <li>9. A detailed description of how the MS4 will assess BMP and program effectiveness. The description shall incorporate the assessment methods described in the CASQA Municipal Storm water Program Effectiveness Assessment Guide.</li> <li>10. A detailed description of how the MS4 will modify the program to improve upon BMPs determined to be ineffective during the effectiveness assessment.</li> <li>11. A detailed description of how the MS4 will modify the program to improve upon BMPs determined to be ineffective during the effectiveness assessment.</li> <li>12. A detailed description of how the MS4 will collaborate with other agencies, stakeholders, and the public to develop and implement the Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program.</li> <li>13. Any other it</li></ul>
TMDL for Pathogens in San in San Lorenzo River	City of Santa Cruz	San Lorenzo River Estuary	Purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the TMDL for Pathogens in San Lorenzo River Estuary, San Lorenzo River, Branciforte Creek, Camp Evers Creek, Carbonera Creek, and Lompico Creek.
Estuary, San Lorenzo River, Branciforte Creek, Camp Evers Creek, Carbonera	County of Santa Cruz	San Lorenzo River	TMDL Wasteload Allocations  The City of Santa Cruz, County of Santa Cruz and the City of Scotts Valley are assigned the following concentration based wasteload allocation for fecal coliform: based on a minimum of not less than five samples for

Regional Water Board Approved TMDLs where urban runoff is listed as a source

TMDL Effective	Municipality	Impaired	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations
Date/BPA/Res. No.	Mamorpanty	Water body	Denveragios/Actions Required/Wasteroad Anocations
		Region	3: Central Coast Regional Water Board
Creek, and Lompico Creek	City of Scotts Valley	Branciforte Creek	any 30-day period, fecal coliform shall not exceed a log mean of 200 MPN per 100 mL, nor shall more than 10 percent of samples collected during any 30-day period exceed 400 MPN per 100 mL.
Effective Date: OAL approval pending; anticipated March 2011		Camp Evers Creek	These wasteload allocations are receiving water allocations; storm water discharge cannot cause or contribute to exceedance of the allocations as measured in receiving water.
BPA: Chapter 4		Carbonera Cree	The City of Santa Cruz is assigned allocations in San Lorenzo River Estuary, San Lorenzo River, Branciforte Creek, and Carbonera Creek.
Resolution No. R3-2009-0023		Lompico	The County of Santa Cruz is assigned allocations in San Lorenzo River, Branciforte Creek, Lompico Creek, and Carbonera Creek,
		Creek	The City of Scotts Valley is assigned allocations in Camp Evers Creek and Carbonera Creek.
			Provisions for Implementing the TMDL By June 30, 2013, the County of Santa Cruz and the Cities of Santa Cruz and Scotts Valley shall each develop, submit, and begin implementation of a Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program that identifies the actions they will take to attain their wasteload allocations. The Wasteload Allocation Attainment Programs shall include:  1. A detailed description of the strategy the MS4 will use to guide BMP selection, assessment, and implementation, to ensure that BMPs implemented will be effective at abating pollutant sources, reducing pollutant discharges, and achieving wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule. 2. Identification of sources of the impairment within the MS4's jurisdiction, including specific information on various source locations and their magnitude within the jurisdiction. 3. Prioritization of sources within the MS4's jurisdiction, based on suspected contribution to the impairment, ability to control the source, and other pertinent factors. 4. Identification of BMPs that will address the sources of impairing pollutants and reduce the discharge of impairing pollutant discharges, as well as other pertinent factors. 5. Prioritization of BMPs, based on suspected effectiveness at abating sources and reducing impairing pollutant discharges, as well as other pertinent factors. 6. Identification of BMPs the MS4 will implement, including a detailed implementation schedule. For each BMP, identify milestones the MS4 will use for tracking implementation, measurable goals the MS4 will use to assess implementation efforts, and measures and targets the MS4 will use to assess effectiveness. MS4s shall include expected BMP implementation for future implementation years, with the understanding that future BMP implementation plans may change as new information is obtained. 7. A quantifiable numeric analysis demonstrating the BMPs selected for implementation will likely achieve, based on modeling, published BMP pollutant removal performance estimates, best professional ju

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Regional Water Board Approved TMDLs where urban runoff is listed as a source

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations
		Region	3: Central Coast Regional Water Board
			<ul> <li>8. A detailed description, including a schedule, of a monitoring program the MS4 will implement to assess discharge and receiving water quality, BMP effectiveness, and progress towards any interim targets and ultimate attainment of the MS4s' wasteload allocation. The monitoring program shall be designed to validate BMP implementation efforts and quantitatively demonstrate attainment of interim targets and wasteload allocations. If the approved TMDL does not explicitly include interim targets, the MS4 shall establish interim targets (and dates when stormwater discharge conditions will be evaluated) that are equally spaced in time over the TMDL compliance schedule and represent measurable, continually decreasing MS4 discharge concentrations or other appropriate interim measures of pollution reduction and progress towards the wasteload allocation. At least one interim target and date must occur during the five-year term of this Order. The MS4 shall achieve its interim targets by the date it specifies in the Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program. If the MS4 does not achieve its interim target by the date specified, the MS4 shall develop and implement more effective BMPs that it can quantitatively demonstrate will achieve the next interim target.</li> <li>9. A detailed description of how the MS4 will assess BMP and program effectiveness. The description shall incorporate the assessment methods described in the CASQA Municipal Storm water Program Effectiveness Assessment (Bide.</li> <li>10. A detailed description of how the MS4 will modify the program to improve upon BMPs determined to be ineffective during the effectiveness assessment.</li> <li>11. A detailed description of information the MS4 will include in annual reports to demonstrate adequate progress towards attainment of wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule.</li> <li>12. A detailed description of how the MS4 will collaborate with other agencies, stakeholders, and the public to develop and implement the Wasteload Allocation Attainmen</li></ul>
TMDL for Pathogens in Soquel Lagoon, Soquel Creek, and Noble Gulch	City of Capitola	Soquel Lagoon	Purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the TMDL for Pathogens in Soquel Lagoon, Soquel Creek, and Noble Gulch.
Effective Date: 9/15/2010	County of Santa Cruz	Soquel Creek  Noble Gulch	TMDL Wasteload Allocations The City of Capitola and the County of Santa Cruz are assigned the following concentration based wasteload allocation for fecal coliform: based on a minimum of not less than five samples for any 30-day period, fecal coliform
BPA: Chapter 4		Noble Guich	shall not exceed a log mean of 200 MPN per 100 mL, nor shall more than 10 percent of samples collected during any 30-day period exceed 400 MPN per 100 mL.

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TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations
		Region	3: Central Coast Regional Water Board
Resolution No. R3-2009-0024			These wasteload allocations are receiving water allocations; storm water discharge cannot cause or contribute to exceedance of the allocations as measured in receiving water.  The City of Capitola is assigned allocations in Soquel Lagoon.  The County of Santa Cruz is assigned allocations in Soquel Creek and Noble Gulch.  Provisions for Implementing the TMDL  By June 30, 2013, the City of Capitola and the County of Santa Cruz shall each develop, submit, and begin implementation of a Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program that identifies the actions they will take to attain their wasteload allocations. The Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program shall include:  1. A detailed description of the strategy the MS4 will use to guide BMP selection, assessment, and implementation, to ensure that BMP's implemented will be effective at abating pollutant sources, reducing pollutant discharges, and achieving wasteload allocations according to the TMDL Schedule.  2. Identification of sources of the impairment within the MS4's jurisdiction, including specific information on various source locations and their magnitude within the jurisdiction.  3. Prioritization of Sources within the MS4's jurisdiction, based on suspected contribution to the impairment, ability to control the source, and other pertinent factors.  4. Identification of BMPs that will address the sources of impairing pollutants and reduce the discharge of impairing pollutants.  5. Prioritization of BMPs, based on suspected effectiveness at abating sources and reduce the discharge of impairing pollutant discharges, as well as other pertinent factors.  6. Identification of BMPs the MS4 will implement, including a detailed implementation schedule. For each BMP, identify milestones the MS4 will use for tracking implementation, measurable goals the MS4 will use to assess implementation of respective the MS4 will use to assess effectiveness. MS4s shall include expected BMP implementation for future implementation will likely achieve, based on modeling, published BMP p

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations			
	Region 3: Central Coast Regional Water Board					
			over the TMDL compliance schedule and represent measurable, continually decreasing MS4 discharge concentrations or other appropriate interim measures of pollution reduction and progress towards the wasteload allocation. At least one interim target and date must occur during the five-year term of this Order. The MS4 shall achieve its interim targets by the date it specifies in the Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program. If the MS4 does not achieve its interim target by the date specified, the MS4 shall develop and implement more effective BMPs that it can quantitatively demonstrate will achieve the next interim target.  9. A detailed description of how the MS4 will assess BMP and program effectiveness. The description shall incorporate the assessment methods described in the CASQA Municipal Storm water Program Effectiveness Assessment Guide.  10. A detailed description of how the MS4 will modify the program to improve upon BMPs determined to be ineffective during the effectiveness assessment.  11. A detailed description of information the MS4 will include in annual reports to demonstrate adequate progress towards attainment of wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule.  12. A detailed description of how the MS4 will collaborate with other agencies, stakeholders, and the public to develop and implement the Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program.  13. Any other items identified by Integrated Report fact sheets, TMDL Project Reports, TMDL Resolutions, or that are currently being implemented by the MS4 to control its contribution to the impairment.			
TMDL for Pathogens in Aptos Creek, Valencia Creek, and Trout Gulch		Aptos Creek	Purpose of Provisions The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the TMDL for Pathogens in Aptos Creek, Valencia Creek, and Trout Gulch.			
Effective Date: 10/29/2010	County of Santa Cruz	Valencia Creek	TMDL Wasteload Allocations The County of Santa Cruz is assigned the following concentration based wasteload allocation for fecal coliform: based on a minimum of not less than five samples for any 30-day period, fecal coliform shall not exceed a log			
BPA: Chapter 4		Trout Gulch	mean of 200 MPN per 100 mL, nor shall more than 10 percent of samples collected during any 30-day period exceed 400 MPN per 100 mL.			

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations
		Region	3: Central Coast Regional Water Board
Resolution No. R3-2009-0025			These wasteload allocations are receiving water allocations; storm water discharge cannot cause or contribute to exceedance of the allocations as measured in receiving water.  The County of Santa Cruz is assigned allocations in Aptos Creek, Valencia Creek, and Trout Gulch.  Provisions for Implementing the TMDL  By June 30, 2013, the County of Santa Cruz shall develop, submit, and begin implementation of a Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program that identifies the actions it will take to attain its wasteload allocation. The Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program shall include:  1. A detailed description of the strategy the MS4 will use to guide BMP selection, assessment, and implementation, to ensure that BMPs implemented will be effective at abating pollutant sources, reducing pollutant discharges, and achieving wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule.  2. Identification of sources of the impairment within the MS4's jurisdiction, including specific information on various source locations and their magnitude within the jurisdiction.  3. Prioritization of sources within the MS4's jurisdiction, based on suspected contribution to the impairment, ability to control the source, and other pertinent factors.  4. Identification of BMPs that will address the sources of impairing pollutants and reduce the discharge of impairing pollutant.  5. Prioritization of BMPs, based on suspected effectiveness at abating sources and reducing impairing pollutant discharges, as well as other pertinent factors.  6. Identification of BMPs the MS4 will implement, including a detailed implementation schedule. For each BMP, identify milestones the MS4 will use for tracking implementation, measurable goals the MS4 will use to assess implementation efforts, and measures and targets the MS4 will use to assess effectiveness. MS4s shall include expected BMP implementation for future implementation vears, with the understanding that future BMP implementation plans may change as new information is obtained.  A quantifiable numeric a

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Wasteload Allocations
		Region	3: Central Coast Regional Water Board
			The MS4 shall achieve its interim targets by the date it specifies in the Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program. If the MS4 does not achieve its interim target by the date specified, the MS4 shall develop and implement more effective BMPs that it can quantitatively demonstrate will achieve the next interim target.  9. A detailed description of how the MS4 will assess BMP and program effectiveness. The description shall incorporate the assessment methods described in the CASQA Municipal Storm water Program Effectiveness Assessment Guide.  10. A detailed description of how the MS4 will modify the program to improve upon BMPs determined to be ineffective during the effectiveness assessment.  11. A detailed description of information the MS4 will include in annual reports to demonstrate adequate progress towards attainment of wasteload allocations according to the TMDL schedule.  12. A detailed description of how the MS4 will collaborate with other agencies, stakeholders, and the public to develop and implement the Wasteload Allocation Attainment Program.  13. Any other items identified by Integrated Report fact sheets, TMDL Project Reports, TMDL Resolutions, or that are currently being implemented by the MS4 to control its contribution to the impairment.  All allocations shall be achieved October 29, 2023.

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations				
Region 5: Central Valley Regional Water Board							
Lower San Joaquin River Diazinon & Chlorpyrifos  Effective Date: December 20,2006  BPA: Chapter 3  Resolution No.: R5-2005-0138	City of Madera (including the area known as Bonadelle Ranchos-Ma and Madera Acres) City of Merced City of Turlock County of San Joaquin County of Madera County of Madera County of Stanislaus County of Stanislaus County of Tulare City of Ceres City of Ceres City of Delhi City of Hughson City of Los Banos City of Patterson City of Winton	San Joaquin River from Mendota Dam to Vernalis	Purpose of Provisions: The purpose of these provisions is to implement the Lower San Joaquin River Diazinon and Chlorpyrifos Control Program  Wasteload Allocations: The wasteload allocations for NPDES permitted municipal storm water dischargers shall not exceed the sum (S) of one (1) as defined below: $S = \frac{C}{WQO} + \frac{C}{WQO} \le 1.0$ where $CD = \text{diazinon concentration}$ $CC = \text{chlorpyrifos concentration}$ $WQOD = \text{acute or chronic diazinon water quality objective (0.160 and 0.100 ug/L, respectively)}$ $WQOC = \text{acute or chronic chlorpyrifos water quality objective. (0.025 and 0.015 ug/L, respectively)}$ For the purpose of calculating the sum (S) above, non-detectable concentrations are considered to be zero.  Provisions for implementing the Control Program: Dischargers not meeting wasteload allocations will be required by the Executive Officer to submit a management plan describing actions that will be taken to reduce diazinon and chlorpyrifos discharges to meet the applicable allocations. The Executive Officer may require revisions to the management plans if compliance with wasteload allocations are not attained or the management plan is not likely to attain compliance. Management plans may be submitted by individual dischargers or discharger groups.  In determining compliance with the waste load allocations, the Regional Water Board will consider data or information submitted by the discharger regarding diazinon and chlorpyrifos inputs from sources outside of the jurisdiction of the permitted discharge.  Dischargers must consider weather a proposed alternative to diazinon or chlorpyrifos has the potential to degrade ground or surface water. If the alternative has the potential to degrade groundwater, alternative pest control methods must be considered. If the alternative has the potential to degrade surface water, control measures must be implemented to ensure the applicable water quality objectives and State and Regional Water Boards' policies are not violated, including State Water Resources Control				

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations				
	Region 5: Central Valley Regional Water Board						
	City of		Compliance with wasteload allocations:				
	Oakdale		01 December 2010				
Lower San Joaquin River	City of Ripon						
Diazinon & Chlorpyrifos	City of						
continued	Riverbank						
	City of Salida		Purpose of Provisions:				
	City of Lathrop		The purpose of these provisions is to implement the Control Program for Diazinon and Chlorpyrifos Runoff into the				
Sacramento and San Joaquin	City of Rio		Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta Waterways				
Delta	Vista		Wasteload Allocations:				
Diazinon & Chlorpyrifos	City of Tracy		The wasteload allocations for NPDES permitted municipal storm water dischargers shall not exceed the sum (S) of				
Effective Date:	County of		one (1) as defined below:				
Effective Date: October 10, 2006	San Joaquin						
October 10, 2000	City of Davis City of Dixon		$S = \frac{C}{WQO} + \frac{C}{WQO} \le 1.0$				
BPA: Chapter 31	City of French		wqo wqo c				
	Camp		where				
Resolution No.: R5-2006-0061	City of Lodi						
H3-2006-0061	City of		CD = diazinon concentration				
	Manteca	Sacramento-	CC = chlorpyrifos concentration				
	City of Morada	San Joaquin Delta	WQOD = acute or chronic diazinon water quality objective (0.160 and 0.100 ug/L, respectively)				
	City of	Waterways	WQOC = acute or chronic chlorpyrifos water quality objective. (0.025 and 0.015 ug/L, respectively)				
Sacramento and San Joaquin Delta	Vacaville						
Diazinon & Chlorpyrifos	City of West		For the purpose of calculating the sum (S) above, non-detectable concentrations are considered to be zero.				
continued	Sacramento						
	City of Woodland		Provisions for implementing the Control Program:				
	VVOodiand		Dischargers not meeting wasteload allocations will be required by the Executive Officer to submit a management				
			plan describing actions that will be taken to reduce diazinon and chlorpyrifos discharges to meet the applicable				
			allocations. The Executive Officer may require revisions to the management plans if compliance with wasteload				
			allocations are not attained or the management plan is not likely to attain compliance. Management plans may be submitted by individual dischargers or discharger groups.				
			In determining compliance dates for wasteload allocations, the Regional Water Board will consider data or				
			information submitted by the discharger regarding diazinon and chlorpyrifos inputs from sources outside of the				

Regional Water Board Approved TMDLs where urban runoff is listed as a source

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations			
	Region 5: Central Valley Regional Water Board					
			jurisdiction of the permitted discharge.			
			Dischargers must consider weather a proposed alternative to diazinon or chlorpyrifos has the potential to degrade ground or surface water. If the alternative has the potential to degrade groundwater, alternative pest control methods must be considered. If the alternative has the potential to degrade surface water, control measures must be implemented to ensure the applicable water quality objectives and State and Regional Water Boards' policies are not violated, including State Water Resources Control Board Resolution 68-16.			
			Monitoring and Reporting:  The monitoring and reporting program must be designed to collect the information necessary to:			
			1. Determine compliance with established water quality objectives and loading capacity, applicable to diazinon and chlorpyrifos in the Delta Waterways.			
			2. Determine compliance with the load allocations applicable to discharges of diazinon and chlorpyrifos into the Delta Waterways.			
			3. Determine the degree of implementation of management practices to reduce off-site movement of diazinon and chlorpyrifos.			
			4. Determine the effectiveness of management practices and strategies to reduce off-site migration of diazinon and chlorpyrifos.			
			5. Determine whether alternatives to diazinon and chlorpyrifos are causing surface water quality impacts.			
			6. Determine whether the discharge causes or contributes to a toxicity impairment due to additive or synergistic effects of multiple pollutants.			
Sacramento and San Joaquin Delta			7.Demonstrate that management practices are achieving the lowest pesticide levels technically and economically achievable.			
Diazinon & Chlorpyrifos continued			Dischargers To address pesticide impairment of receiving waters, Permittees shall create and implement a Regional Board-approved Pesticide Plan that addresses their own use of pesticides including diazinon and chlorpyrifos, and to the extent authorized by law, the use of such pesticides by other sources within their jurisdictions. The goal of the Pesticides Plan is to reduce the discharge of pesticides from municipal storm water systems to receiving waters. The Permittees shall identify and promote within the context of integrated pest management (IPM) programs, the use of pest management practices that minimize the risk of pesticide impacts on surface water quality resulting from urban runoff discharges. IPM shall be integrated into the Permittee municipal operations and promoted to residents, businesses, and public agencies through the public outreach program.			
1			Permittees shall complete an assessment to determine the diazinon and chlorpyrifos levels in receiving waters. Monitoring may be done in conjunctions with other municipalities and/or discharges in the Central Valley.			

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TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations				
	Region 5: Central Valley Regional Water Board						
			Permittees are responsible for providing the necessary information. The information may come from the dischargers' monitoring efforts; monitoring programs conducted by State or federal agencies or collaborative watershed efforts; or from special studies that evaluate the effectiveness of management practices. The purposes of the study are to evaluate compliance with established water quality objectives applicable to diazinon and chlorpyrifos for the receiving water and to determine compliance with wasteload allocations. In cases where the Permittees are not in compliance with the wasteload allocations, the Regional Water Board may request additional assessments and documentation of control program effectiveness. Assessment shall also consider whether alternatives to diazinon and chlorpyrifos are causing surface water quality impacts and if toxicity impairment is being caused or contributed to due to synergistic effects of multiple pollutants.  Modifications to these requirements may be made through approval from the Executive Officer in order to facilitate discharger participation in the Delta Regional Monitoring Program.  Compliance with wasteload allocations:  Old December 2011				
Sacramento and Feather Rivers Diazinon & Chlorpyrifos  Effective Date: May 3, 2007  BPA: Attachment 1  Resolution No.: R5-2007-0034	City of Anderson City of Chico City of Marysville Olivehurst CDP City of Red Bluff South Yuba City County of Butte County of Colusa County of Shasta County of Sutter City of Live Oak	Sacramento River from Shasta Dam to I Street Bridge  Feather River from Fish Barrier Dam to Sacramento River	Purpose of Provisions: The purpose of these provisions is to implement the Control Program for Diazinon and Chlorpyrifos Runoff into the Sacramento and Feather Rivers  Wasteload Allocations: The wasteload allocations for NPDES permitted municipal storm water dischargers shall not exceed the sum (S) of one (1) as defined below: $S = \frac{C}{WQO} \frac{D}{D} + \frac{C}{WQO} \frac{C}{C} \le 1.0$ where $CD = \text{diazinon concentration}$ $CC = \text{chlorpyrifos concentration}$ $WQOD = \text{acute or chronic diazinon water quality objective (0.160 and 0.100 ug/L, respectively)}$ $WQOC = \text{acute or chronic chlorpyrifos water quality objective. (0.025 and 0.015 ug/L, respectively)}$ For the purpose of calculating the sum (S) above, non-detectable concentrations are considered to be zero.  Provisions for implementing the Control Program: Dischargers not meeting wasteload allocations will be required by the Executive Officer to submit a management				

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations						
		Region	5: Central Valley Regional Water Board						
Sacramento and Feather Rivers Diazinon & Chlorpyrifos continued	City of Lincoln City of Linda City of Loomis City of Redding City of Roseville City of Rocklin County of Yuba		plan describing actions that will be taken to reduce diazinon and chlorpyrifos discharges to meet the applicable allocations. The Executive Officer may require revisions to the management plans if compliance with wasteload allocations are not attained or the management plan is not likely to attain compliance. Management plans may be submitted by individual dischargers or discharger groups.  In determining compliance with the waste load allocations, the Regional Water Board will consider data or information submitted by the discharger regarding diazinon and chlorpyrifos inputs from sources outside of the jurisdiction of the permitted discharge.  Dischargers must consider weather a proposed alternative to diazinon or chlorpyrifos has the potential to degrade ground or surface water. If the alternative has the potential to degrade groundwater, alternative pest control methods must be considered. If the alternative has the potential to degrade surface water, control measures must be implemented to ensure the applicable water quality objectives and State and Regional Water Boards' policies are not violated, including State Water Resources Control Board Resolution 68-16.						
			Compliance with wasteload allocations: 11 August 2008						
	County of San Joaquin City of French Camp		Purpose of Provisions: The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the San Joaquin River Dissolved Oxygen TMDL.						
Lower San Joaquin River San Joaquin River, Stockton DWSC TMDL	Camp City of Ceres City of Oakdale		Wasteload Allocations: Waste load allocations for all NPDES-permitted discharges of oxygen demanding substances were set at the corresponding effluent limitations applicable on 28 January 2005.						
Organic Enrichment and Low Dissolved Oxygen Effective Date: February 27, 2007	City of Patterson City of Riverbank City of Ripon City of Lathrop	Lower San Joaquin River (Stockton DWSC)	Joaquin River (Stockton	Joaquin River (Stockton	Joaquin River (Stockton	Joaquin River (Stockton	Joaquin River (Stockton	Joaquin River (Stockton	Provisions for Implementing the Control Program: Waste load allocations and permit conditions for new or expanded point source discharges in the SJR Basin upstream of the DWSC, including NPDES and storm water, will be based on the discharger demonstrating that the discharge will have no reasonable potential to cause or contribute to a negative impact on the dissolved oxygen impairment in the DWSC.
BPA: Chapter IV-37.01	City of Latillop City of Turlock City of		Compliance with waste load allocations: December 31, 2011						
Resolution No.: R5-2005-005	Manteca City of Livingston City of Los Banos County of		Compliance with implementation provisions: Ongoing						

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations
		Region	5: Central Valley Regional Water Board
	Stanislaus City of Empire City of Keyes City of Salida City of Hughson County of Merced City of Atwater City of Merced City of Merced City of Winton		
Delta TMDL Methylmercury  Effective Date: Pending  Resolution No.: R5-2010-0043	City of Lathrop City of Rio Vista City of Tracy City of Lodi County of San Joaquin County of Solano City of West	Sacramento- San Joaquin Delta Waterways	Purpose of Provisions: The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the Delta methylmercury TMDL.  Wasteload Allocations ( methylmercury g/yr): Lodi (City of) 0.053 San Joaquin (County of) 1.486 Rio Vista (City of) 0.0078 Solano (County of) 0.062 West Sacramento (City of) 0.64 Yolo (County of) 0.124 Lathrop (City of) 0.097 Tracy (City of) 0.65
Delta TMDL Methylmercury continued	Sacramento  County of Yolo		Provisions for Implementing the Control Program: Implement BMPs to control erosion and sediment discharges with the goal of reducing mercury discharges.  Compliance with implementation provisions: Ongoing

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality   Impaired   Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations					
	Region 5: Central Valley Regional Water Board					
Clear Lake TMDL Nutrients  Effective Date: 6/23/2006  BPA: Chapter IV-37.04	County of Lake City of Clearlake	Clear Lake	Purpose of Provisions: The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the Clear Lake TMDL.  Wasteload Allocations: County of Lake, City of Clearlake and City of Lakeport combined 2,000 kg phosphorus/yr  Provisions for Implementing the Control Program: Storm water permittees will work with staff to develop and implement a plan to collect the information needed to determine what factors are important in controlling nuisance blooms and to recommend what control strategy should be implemented. Plan was submitted in 2008.			
Resolution No.: R5-2006-0060	City of Lakeport		Compliance with waste load allocations: June 2017			

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res.No.	Municipality	Impaired Water Body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations			
Region 6: Lahontan Regional Water Board						
Middle Truckee River Watershed, Placer, Nevada and Sierra Counties Sediment  Effective Date: May 14, 2008  BPA: Section 4.13  Resolution No.: R6T-2008-0019	City of Truckee	Truckee River	Purpose of Provisions: The purpose of these provisions is to implement the requirements of the Middle Truckee River Watershed TMDL.  Urban Areas Wasteload Allocations: 4,936 tons per year of total suspended sediment load.  Non-urban Wasteload Allocations: 35,392 tons per year of total suspended sediment load.  Provisions for Implementing the Control Program:  1. Road sand application best management practices (BMPs) and recovery tracking - Road sand is applied using BMPs and recovered to the maximum extent practicable. 2. Dirt roads maintained or decommissioned - Identified dirt roads with inadequate erosion control structures are rehabilitated and maintained, or decommissioned. Focus on dirt roads with high potential for sediment delivery to surface waters (e.g., within 200 feet of watercourse).  3. Legacy sites restoration and best management practices implementation - Identified legacy sites are restored or storm water BMPs are implemented to prevent erosion and sedimentation to surface waters.  Compliance with waste load allocations: target of 25 milligrams per liter, or less, of suspended sediment is estimated for 2028 (i.e., 20 years after the adoption of the TMDL in 2008).			

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res.No.	Municipality	Impaired Water Body		Deli	verables/Actions Required/	Waste Load Allocations		
		Regio	on 9: San Diego	Regional '	Water Board			
	City of San Diego			equations) : s = CTR W	after applying 10% of Margin of QOs * 0.9  steload Allocations for dissolv  WLA for Acute Conditions  -	ed copper, lead, and zinc  WLA for Chronic Conditions  –	generated	
	City of Lemon	Chollas Creek		Copper	One-Hour Average = Loading Capacity* MOS (0.96) * {e^ [0.9422 * In	Four-Day Average =Loading Capacity*MOS (0.96) * {e^[0.8545 * In		
Chollas Creek Dissolved Copper, Lead, and Zinc Effective Date: October 22, 2008	Grove			Lead	(hardness) - 1.700]}*0.9 [1.46203 - 0.145712 * In (hardness)] * {e^ [1.273 * In (hardness) - 1.460]} * 0.9	(hardness) - 1.702]}*0.9 [1.46203 - 0.145712 * In (hardness)] * {e^[{1.273 * In (hardness)} - 4.705]} * 0.9		
Resolution No. R9-2007-0043				Zinc	(0.978) * {e^ [0.8473 * In (hardness) + 0.884]} * 0.9	(0.986) * {e^[0.8473 * In (hardness) + 0.884]} * 0.9		
710 2007 00 10	City of La Mesa		R9-2007-0001 Chollas Creek County of San responsibility for	. The muni watershed Diego, and or virtually a	cipal Copermittees regulated are the City of San Diego, the the San Diego Unified Port D all discharges to and from the		on in the of La Mesa, ittees have nce system in	
	County of San Diego		implementing v	1 100 10 20				

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res.No.	Municipality	Impaired Water Body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations						
		Re	egion 9: San Dieg	o Regional	Water Boar	rd			
			Watershed	Fecal C WI (Billion M Wet	oliform ₋A IPN/year) Dry	Allocations fo Enteroc WL (Billion M Wet	coccus -A PN/year) Dry	Tota (Billio Wet	I Coliform WLA n MPN/year) Dry
				Weather	Weather	Weather	Weather	Weather	Weather
			San Joaquin Hills / Laguna Hills HSAs (901.11 and 901.12)	37,167	227	66,417	40	880,652	1,134
Bacteria Project I – Twenty			Aliso HAS (901.13)	477,069	242	735,490	40	8,923,264	1,208
Beaches and Creeks in the San Diego Region (Including Tecolote Creek)			Dana Point HAS ((01.14)	152,446	92	219,528	16	3,404,008	462
Indicator Bacteria			Lower San Juan HAS (901.27)	1,156,419	1,665	1,385,094	275	16,093,160	8,342
Effective Date: April 4, 2011			San Clemente HA (901.30)	192,653	192	295,668	33	3,477,739	958
Resolution No. R9-2010-0001			San Luis Rey HU (901.00)	914,026	1,058	1,300,235	185	14,373,954	5,289
110-2010-0001			San Marcos HA (904.50)	6,558	26	23,771	5	298,430	129
			San Dieguito HU (905.50)	798,175	1,293	1,763,603	226	16,660,538	6,468
			Miramar Reservoir HA (906.10)	6,703	7	8,109	1	171,436	36
			Scripps HA (906.30)	101,253	119	232,035	21	3,447,764	594
			Tecolote HA (906.5)	126,806	234	471,211	39	5,136,598	1,171
			Mission San Diego/Santee	221,117	1,506	890,617	248	10,790,520	7,529

HSAs (907.11 and 907.12)
Chollas HAS (908.22) 252,479 398 802,918 66 9,880,784 1,991
Over a 10+ year compliance period
Years Exceedance Frequency Reduction (%)*
P1 P2 P3 5 50 6 50 7 50 10+ 100 100 100
P1 = Priority 1 P2 = Priority 2 P3 = Priority 3
*For both dry & wet weathers

Regional Water Board Approved TMDLs where urban runoff is listed as a source

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations
1		Region 4	1 <sup>1</sup> : Los Angeles Regional Board
Santa Monica Bay Beaches Bacteria			
Effective Date: July 15, 2003		0	
BPA: Chapter 7-4		Santa Monica Bay	
Resolution Nos.:  2002-04 (dry weather)  2002-022 (wet weather)  R12-007 revision			
Upper Santa Clara River Chloride TMDL			
Effective Date: May 4, 2005			
BPA Chapter 7-6		<u>Santa Clara</u> <u>River</u>	
Resolution Nos.: R04-004, R06-016 revision, and R08-012 revision			
Los Angeles River Nitrogen and Related Effects TMDL			
Effective Date: March 23, 2004		<u>Los Angeles</u> <u>River</u>	
BPA Chapter 7-8			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 'Municipality' and 'Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations' headers deliberately left blank. Los Angeles Regional Board TMDL region specific requirements are currently under development and will be completed one year from the effective date of the permit. Please see Fact Sheet discussion for details.

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TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations
		Region 4	4 <sup>1</sup> : Los Angeles Regional Board
Resolution Nos.: R03-009 and R03-016 revision			
Santa Clara River Nitrogen Compounds TMDL			
Effective Date: March 23, 2004		Santa Clara	
BPA Chapter 7-9		<u>River</u>	
Resolution No.: R03-11			
Malibu Creek Bacteria TMDL			
Effective Date: January 24, 2006		Marina dal Day	
BPA Chapter 7-10  Resolution Nos.:		Marina del Rey	
2004-019R R12-009 revision			
Los Angeles Harbor Bacteria TMDL (Inner Cabrillo Beach and			
Main Shop Channel)		<u>Dominguez</u> <u>Channel</u>	
Effective Date: March 10, 2005		Watershed Management	
BPA Chapter 7-11		<u>Area</u>	
Resolution No.: 2004-011			

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations				
	Region 4 <sup>1</sup> : Los Angeles Regional Board						
Calleguas Creek Watershed Toxicity TMDL							
Effective Date: March 24, 2006		Calleguas					
BPA Chapter 7-17		<u>Creek</u> <u>Watershed</u>					
Resolution No.: 2005-010							
Calleguas Creek Organochlorine Pesticides, Polychlorinated Biphenyls, and Siltation							
Effective Date: March 24, 2006		<u>Calleguas</u> <u>Creek</u>					
BPA Chapter 7-16		Watershed					
Resolution No.: 2005-009							
Calleguas Creek Metals and Selenium TMDL							
Effective Date: 3/26/2007		<u>Calleguas</u> Creek					
BPA Chapter 7-19		Oleek					
Resolution No.: 2006-012							

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations				
	Region 4 <sup>1</sup> : Los Angeles Regional Board						
Ballona Creek Bacteria TMDL							
Effective Date: April 27, 2007							
BPA Chapter 7-21		Ballona Creek					
Resolution Nos.: 2006-11 R12-008 revision							
Santa Monica Bay Marine Debris TMDL							
Effective Date: March 20, 2012  BPA Chapter 7-34		Santa Monica Bay					
Resolution No.: 2010-010							
Los Angeles and Long Beach Harbors and Toxics and Metals TMDL		Los Angeles					
Effective Date: March 23, 2012  BPA Chapter 7-40		and Long Beach Harbors					
Resolution No.:2011-008							

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations				
	Region 4 <sup>1</sup> : Los Angeles Regional Board						
Los Angeles River Bacteria TMDL							
Effective Date: March 23, 2012		Los Angeles					
BPA Chapter 7-39		River					
Resolution No.: R10-007							
Santa Clara River Esturay and Reaches 3, 5, 6 and 7 Bacteria							
Effective Date:3/21/2012		Santa Clara River					
BPA Chapter 7-36		<u></u>					
Resolution No. R10-006 Santa Clara Reach 3 Chloride							
TMDL							
Effective Date : June 18, 2003		<u>Santa Clara</u> <u>River</u>					
Established by USEPA							
Malibu Creek Nutrients TMDL							
Effective Date : March 21, 2003		Malibu Creek					
Established by USEPA							

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations			
Region 4 <sup>1</sup> : Los Angeles Regional Board						
Ballona Creek Wetlands TMDL for Sediment and Invasive Exotic Vegetation TMDL  Effective Date: March 26, 2012  Established by USEPA		Ballona Creek				
Santa Monica Bay TMDL for DDTs and PCBs  Effective Date: March 26, 2012  Established by USEPA						
Avalon Beach Bacteria TMDL  Effective Date: April 5, 2012  Cease and Desist Order No. R4- 2012-0077		Avalon Beach				
Los Angeles River and Tributaries Metals TMDL  Effective Date: November 3, 2011  BPA: Chapter 7-13  Resolution No.: R10-003		<u>Los Angeles</u> <u>River</u>				

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations			
Region 4 <sup>1</sup> : Los Angeles Regional Board						
Ballona Creek Metals TMDL						
Effective Date: October 29, 2008						
BPA: Chapter 7-12		Ballona Creek				
Resolution No.: 2007-015						
San Gabriel River and Impaired Tributaries Metals and Selenium TMDL  Effective Date: March 26, 2007  USEPA Established		San Gabriel River				
Los Cerritos Channel Metals TMDL  Effective Date: March 17, 2010  USEPA Established		Los Cerritos Channel				
Ballona Creek Estuary Toxic Pollutants TMDL  Effective Date: January 11, 2006  BPA: Chapter 7-14  Resolution No.: 2005-008		Ballona Creek and Ballona Creek Estuary				

TMDL Effective Date/BPA/Res. No.	Municipality	Impaired Water body	Deliverables/Actions Required/Waste Load Allocations				
Region 4 <sup>1</sup> : Los Angeles Regional Board							
Ballona Creek Trash  Effective Date: 8/28/2002  BPA: Chapter 7.3  Resolution No.:2001-014 2004-023 (revision)		Ballona Creek					
Los Angeles River trash  Effective Date: 9/23/2008  BPA Chapter 7-2  Resolution No.:07-012		<u>Los Angeles</u> <u>River</u>					
Ventura River Estuary Trash  Effective Date:3/6/2008  BPA Chapter 7-25  Resolution No.:07-008		Ventura River Estuary					
Malibu Creek Trash  Effective Date:7/7/2009  BPA Chapter 7-30  Resolution No.:R4-2008-007		<u>Malibu Creek</u>					